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defendant's motion (#42), and defendant has replied (#45).

To the extent defendant's motion may be construed as seeking an order from this court directing his federal sentence to run concurrent to his state sentence, the motion is **DENIED** for the same reasons set forth in the court's order dated September 17, 2012.

To the extent defendant seeks a *nunc pro tunc* designation of the state prison where he is currently serving a state sentence as the facility for service of his sentence in this case, the motion is also **DENIED** as defendant must first present such a request to the Bureau of Prisons.<sup>2</sup>

Finally, to the extent defendant seeks credit for time served in state prison toward his federal sentence, the motion is also **DENIED**. Clark v. Floyd, 80 F.3d 371, 372, 374 (9th Cir. 1995), cited by defendant, does not support any such relief in this case.

In accordance with the foregoing, defendant's motion (#40 and #41) is **DENIED**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: This 21st day of February, 2013.

Howard & Mckiller

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Although defendant appears to believe he must secure a recommendation from this court before presenting his request to the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP"), Program Statement  $\S$  5160.05 indicates that when BOP receives a *nunc pro tunc* designation request from an inmate, the BOP will contact the court to ask if it has any objections to such a designation. BOP Program Statement  $\S$  5160.05(9)(b)(4)(c); see also Reynolds v. Thomas, 603 F.3d 1144, 1150 (9th Cir. 2010).